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Agence du revenu du Canada Canada Revenue Agency

Read the back before completing this form. Complete this form based on the best estimate of your circumstances.

Sections 1, 3, 7, and 8 include changes proposed in the 2009 budget.			
Last name First name and initial(s)	Date of birth (YYYY/MM/DD)	Employee number	
Address including postal code	For non-residents only – Country of permanent residence	Social insurance number	
<b>1. Basic personal amount</b> – Every resident of Canada can claim this amor payer at the same time in 2009, see "Completing Form TD1" on the ne If you are a non-resident, see "Non-residents" on the next page.		e employer <b>10,375</b>	
<b>2. Child amount</b> – Either parent (but not both), may claim \$2,089 for eac parents throughout the year. Any unused portion can be transferred to the child does not reside with both parents throughout the year, the parent whe dependant" on line 8 may also claim \$2,089 for that same child.	at parent's spouse or common-law p	partner. If the	
<b>3. Age amount</b> – If you will be 65 or older on December 31, 2009, and you be \$32,312 or less, enter \$6,658. If your net income for the year will be be calculate a partial claim, get the TD1-WS, <i>Worksheet for the 2009 Person</i> appropriate section.	etween \$32,312 and \$76,699 and y	ou want to	
<b>4. Pension income amount</b> – If you will receive regular pension paymen Pension Plan, Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, or Guaranteed In your estimated annual pension income, whichever is less.	ts from a pension plan or fund (excl come Supplement payments), ente	uding Canada r \$2,000 or	
<b>5. Tuition, education, and textbook amounts (full time and part time)</b> college, or an educational institution certified by Human Resources and S than \$100 per institution in tuition fees, complete this section. If you are e disability and are enrolled part time, enter the total of the tuition fees you enrolled, plus \$65 per month for textbooks. If you are enrolled part time a enter the total of the tuition fees you will pay, plus \$120 for each month th month for textbooks.	Social Development Canada, and yo nrolled full time, or if you have a me will pay, plus \$400 for each month t nd do not have a mental or physical	ou will pay more ental or physical hat you will be I disability,	
<b>6. Disability amount</b> – If you will claim the disability amount on your inco <i>Disability Tax Credit Certificate</i> , enter \$7,196.	me tax return by using Form T2201	,	
<b>7. Spouse or common-law partner amount</b> – If you are supporting you you, and whose net income for the year will be less than \$10,375, enter t estimated net income for the year. If your spouse's or common-law partner \$10,375, you cannot claim this amount.	he difference between \$10,375 and	his or her	
8. Amount for an eligible dependant – If you do not have a spouse or or relative who lives with you, and whose net income for the year will be les \$10,375 and his or her estimated net income. If your eligible dependant's you cannot claim this amount.	s than \$10,375, enter the difference	between	
<ul> <li>9. Caregiver amount – If you are taking care of a dependant who lives w \$14,336 or less, and who is either your or your spouse's or common-law p</li> <li>parent or grandparent (aged 65 or older), or</li> <li>relative (aged 18 or older) who is dependent on you because of an infinit If the dependant's net income for the year will be between \$14,336 and claim, get the TD1-WS, and complete the appropriate section.</li> </ul>	partner's: rmity, enter \$4,198.		
<b>10. Amount for infirm dependants age 18 or older</b> – If you support an is or your spouse's or common-law partner's relative, who lives in Canada, a \$5,956 or less, enter \$4,198. You cannot claim an amount for a dependar income for the year will be between \$5,956 and \$10,154 and you want to and complete the appropriate section.	and whose net income for the year v nt you claimed on line 9. If the depe	will be ndant's net	
<b>11. Amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner</b> – all of his or her age amount, pension income amount, tuition, education a amount on his or her income tax return, enter the unused amount.			
<b>12. Amounts transferred from a dependant</b> – If your dependant will not use all of his or her <b>disability amount</b> on his or her income tax return, enter the unused amount. If your or your spouse's or common-law partner's dependent child or grandchild will not use all of his or her <b>tuition, education, and textbook amounts</b> on his or her income tax return, enter the unused amount.			
<b>13. TOTAL CLAIM AMOUNT</b> – Add lines 1 through 12. Your employer or payer will use this amount to determine the amount of y	our tax deductions.	Continue on the next page 3	

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## Completing Form TD1

#### Complete this form only if:

- you want to change amounts you previously claimed;
- you have a new employer or payer and you will receive salary, wages, commissions, pensions, Employment Insurance benefits, or any other remuneration;
- you want to claim the deduction for living in a prescribed zone; or
- you want to increase the amount of tax deducted at source.

Sign and date it and give it to your employer or payer.



If you have more than one employer or payer at the same time and you have already claimed personal tax credit amounts on another TD1 form for 2009, you can choose not to claim them again. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax return. **Check** the box to choose this option, enter "0" on line 13 on the front page and do not complete lines 2 to 12.

If you do not complete a TD1 form, your new employer or payer will deduct taxes after allowing the basic personal amount only.

#### Total income less than total claim amount



Check this box if your total income for the year from all employers and payers will be less than your total claim amount on line 13. Then your employer or payer will not deduct tax from your earnings.

#### Non-residents

Are you a non-resident of Canada who will include 90% or more of your world income when determining your taxable income earned in Canada in 2009? If you are unsure of your residency status, call the International Tax Services Office at **1-800-267-5177**.

- If **yes**, complete the previous page.
  - If no, check the box, enter "0" on line 13 and do not complete lines 2 to 12, as you are not entitled to the personal tax credits.

#### Provincial or territorial personal tax credits return

If your claim amount on line 13 is more than \$10,375, you also have to complete a provincial or territorial personal tax credit return. If you are an employee, use the TD1 form for your province or territory of employment. If you are a pensioner, use the TD1 form for your province or territory of residence. Your employer or payer will use both this federal form and your most recent provincial or territorial TD1 form to determine the amount of your tax deductions.

If you are claiming the basic personal amount **only** (your claim amount on line 13 is \$10,375), your employer or payer will deduct provincial or territorial taxes after allowing the provincial or territorial basic personal amount.

**Note**: If you are a Saskatchewan resident supporting children under 18 at any time during 2009, you may be able to claim the child amount on Form TD1SK, *2009 Saskatchewan Personal Tax Credits Return*. Therefore, you may want to complete Form TD1SK even if you are **only** claiming the basic personal amount on this form.

## Deduction for living in a prescribed zone

If you live in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, or another prescribed **northern** zone for more than six months in a row beginning or ending in 2009, you can claim:

- \$8.25 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone, or
- \$16.50 for each day that you live in the prescribed northern zone if, during that time, you live in a dwelling that you maintain, and you are the only person living in that dwelling who is claiming this deduction.

Employees living in a prescribed intermediate zone can claim 50% of the total of the above amounts.

For more information, get Form T2222, *Northern Residents Deductions*, and the Publication T4039, *Northern Residents Deductions – Places in Prescribed Zones*.

## Additional tax to be deducted

You may want to have more tax deducted from each payment, especially if you receive other income, including non-employment income such as CPP or QPP benefits, or Old Age Security pension. By doing this, you may not have to pay as much tax when you file your income tax return. To choose this option, state the amount of additional tax you want to have deducted from each payment. To change this deduction later, complete a new Form TD1.

## **Reduction in tax deductions**

You can ask to have less tax deducted if on your income tax return you are eligible for deductions or non-refundable tax credits that are not listed on this form (for example, periodic contributions to a Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP), child care or employment expenses, and charitable donations). To make this request, complete Form T1213, *Request to Reduce Tax Deductions at Source*, to get a letter of authority from your tax services office. Give the letter of authority to your employer or payer. You do not need a letter of authority if your employer deducts RRSP contributions from your salary.

# -Certification-

I certify that the information given in this return is, to the best of my knowledge, correct and complete.

Signature

It is a serious offence to make a false return.

Date



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