Schedule 53 Code 1301 Protected B when completed

General Rate Income Pool (GRIP) Calculation (2013 and later years)

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end						
		١	ea/	r	Mo	onth	Day	
			1				\perp	

- If you are a Canadian-controlled private corporation (CCPC) or a deposit insurance corporation (DIC), use this schedule to determine the general rate income pool (GRIP).
- When an eligible dividend was paid in the tax year, file a completed copy of this schedule with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return. Do not send your worksheets with your return, but keep them in your records in case we ask to see them later.
- All legislative references are to the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax Regulations.
- Subsection 89(1) defines the terms eligible dividend, excessive eligible dividend designation, general rate income pool, and low rate income pool.

—— Part 1 – General rate income pool (GRIP)			
GRIP at the end of the previous tax year		100	A
Taxable income for the year (DICs enter "0") *	110	В	
Income for the credit union deduction * (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)			
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less *	-		
For a CCPC, the lesser of aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return) and taxable income *			
Subtotal (add lines 120, 130, and 140)	·	c	
Income taxable at the general corporate rate (amount B minus amount C) (if negative enter "0") .	150		
After-tax income (line 150 multiplied by 0.72 (the general rate factor for the tax year))		190	D
Eligible dividends received in the tax year	200		
Dividends deductible under section 113 received in the tax year	210		
Subtotal (line 200 plus line	e 210)	>	E
GRIP addition:			
Becoming a CCPC (amount PP in Part 4)	220		
Post-amalgamation (total of amounts EE in Part 3 and amounts PP in Part 4)			
Post-wind-up (total of amounts EE in Part 3 and amounts PP in Part 4)			
Subtotal (add lines 220, 230, and 240)	290	 ▶	F
Subt	otal (add amounts A, I	D, E, and F)	G
Eligible dividends paid in the previous tax year	300		
Excessive eligible dividend designations made in the previous tax year	240		
Subtotal (line 300 minus line	e 310)	>	н
GRIP before adjustment for specified future tax consequences (amount G minus amount H) (amo	unt can be negative).	490	
Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to previous tax years (amount W in F			
GRIP at the end of the tax year (line 490 minus line 560)			
Enter this amount on line 160 of Schedule 55.			
* For lines 110, 120, 130, and 140, the income amount is the amount before considering specified subsection 248(1). It includes the deduction of a loss carryback from subsequent tax years, a redevelopment expenses that were renounced in subsequent tax years (e.g., flow-through share roption is exercised in subsequent tax years, and the effect of certain foreign tax credit adjustment	duction of Canadian e enunciations), reversa	xploration expenses and	Canadian



— Part 2 – GRIP adjustment for specified future tax conse	quences to previous tax	years —	riolected b when complete
Complete this part if the corporation's taxable income of any of the pre in subsection 248(1) from the current tax year. Otherwise, enter "0" on	vious three tax years took intelline 560 on page 1.	o account the specified futu	re tax consequences defined
First previous tax year Taxable income before specified future tax consequences from the cur tax year		J1	
Enter the following amounts before specified future tax consequences the current tax year:			
Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	K1		
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	_ L1		
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	_ M1		
Subtotal (add amounts K1, L1, and M1)	.	N1	
Subtotal (amount J1 minus amount N1) (if negative, enter	er "0")	-	O1
Taxable income after specified future tax consequences		P1	
Enter the following amounts after specified future tax consequences: Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	Q1		
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	R1		
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	S1		
Subtotal (add amounts Q1, R1, and S1)	.	T1	
Subtotal (amount P1 minus amount T1) (if negative, enter	er "0")	>	U1
Subtotal (amount O1 minus	amount U1) (if negative, enter	er "0")	V1
GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to the firs (amount V1 multiplied by 0.72)	st previous tax year		500
Second previous tax year			
Taxable income before specified future tax consequences from the cur tax year		J2	
Enter the following amounts before specified future tax consequences the current tax year:	from		
Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	K2		
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	L2		
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	M2		
Subtotal (add amounts K2, L2, and M2)	·	N2	
Subtotal (amount J2 minus amount N2) (if negative, enter	er "0")	-	O2
Taxable income after specified future tax consequences		P2	
Enter the following amounts after specified future tax consequences: Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	Q2		
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	R2		
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	S2		
Subtotal (add amounts Q2, R2, and S2)	.	T2	
Subtotal (amount P2 minus amount T2) (if negative, enter	er "0")	>	U2
Subtotal (amount O2 minus a	amount U2) (if negative, ente	r "0")	V2
GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequences to the sec (amount V2 multiplied by 0.72)			520

— Part 2 – GRIP adjustment for specified futur	re tax consequences to pro	evious tax years (continued)	Protected B wh	hen completed
Third previous tax year				
Taxable income before specified future tax consequence tax year	es from the current	J3		
Enter the following amounts before specified future tax of the current tax year:	consequences from			
Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	К3			
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	L3			
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	M3			
Subtotal (add amounts K3, L3, and M3)	>	N3		
Subtotal (amount J3 minus amount N3) (ii	f negative, enter "0")	>	O3	
Taxable income after specified future tax consequences	·	P3		
Enter the following amounts after specified future tax co	nsequences:			
Income for the credit union deduction (amount E in Part 3 of Schedule 17)	Q3			
Amount on line 400, 405, 410, or 425 of the T2 return, whichever is less	R3			
Aggregate investment income (line 440 of the T2 return)	S3			
Subtotal (add amounts Q3, R3, and S3)	>	ТЗ		
Subtotal (amount P3 minus amount T3) (i	f negative, enter "0")	>	U3	
Subtotal (amo	ount O3 minus amount U3) (if ne	egative, enter "0")	V3	
GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consequen (amount V3 multiplied by 0.72)	ces to the third previous tax y	rear	540	
Total GRIP adjustment for specified future tax consecuted lines 500, 520, and 540) (if negative, enter "0")	equences to previous tax year	s:	<u></u>	W
Enter amount W on line 560 in part 1.				
— Part 3 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP ac		or post-wind-up		
(predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or	a DIC in its last tax year)			
Complete this part when there has been an amalgamatic applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary corporation or a subsidiary. The last tax year for a predecessor corp corporation was its tax year during which its assets were	was a CCPC or a DIC in its last operation was its tax year that end	tax year. In the calculation below, c led immediately before the amalgar	corporation means a	prèdecessor
For a post-wind-up, include the GRIP addition in calcula receives the assets of the subsidiary.	·	·	llows the tax year during	ng which it
Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor a your records, in case we ask to see it later.	and each subsidiary that was a 0	CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. k	Geep a copy of this cald	culation for
Corporation's GRIP at the end of its last tax year				AA
Eligible dividends paid by the corporation in its last tax y			BB	
Excessive eligible dividend designations made by the co			cc	
3				

Subtotal (amount BB minus amount CC)

GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year)

line 230 on page 1 for post-amalgamation; orline 240 on page 1 for post-wind-up.

Part 4 – Worksheet to calculate the GRIP addition post-amalgamation, post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year), or the corporation is becoming a CCPC

Complete this part when there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1)) or a wind-up (to which subsection 88(1) applies) and the predecessor or subsidiary was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Also, use this part for a corporation becoming a CCPC. In the calculation below, **corporation** means a corporation becoming a CCPC, a predecessor, or a subsidiary.

For a post-wind-up, include the GRIP addition in calculating the parent's GRIP at the end of its tax year that immediately follows the tax year during which it receives the assets of the subsidiary.

Complete a separate worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary that was not a CCPC or a DIC in its last tax year. Keep a copy of this calculation for your records, in case we ask to see it later.

Cost amount to the corporation of all property immediately before the end of its previous/last tax	year		FF
The corporation's money on hand immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year			GG
Total of subsection 111(1) losses that would have been deductible in calculating the corporation the previous/last tax year if the corporation had had unlimited income from each business carrie had realized an unlimited amount of capital gains for the previous/last tax year:	n's taxable income f	or	
Non-capital losses	a		
Net capital losses	b		
Farm losses	с		
Restricted farm losses	d		
Limited partnership losses	e		
Subtotal (add amounts a to e)	-	1	
Total of all amounts deducted under subsection 111(1) in calculating the corporation's taxable in	ncome for the previo	ous/last tax year:	
Non-capital losses	f		
Net capital losses	g		
Farm losses	h		
Restricted farm losses	i		
Limited partnership losses	j		
Subtotal (add amounts f to j)	>	2	
Unused and unexpired losses at the end of the corporation's previous/last (amount 1 minus at		>	нн
Subt	total (add amounts	FF, GG, and HH)	II
All the corporation's debts and other obligations to pay that were outstanding immediately before end of its previous/last tax year	e the	JJ	
Paid-up capital of all the corporation's issued and outstanding shares of capital stock immediate before the end of its previous/last tax year	ely · · · · · · · ————————————————————————	KK	
All the corporation's reserves deducted in its previous/last tax year		LL	
The corporation's capital dividend account immediately before the end of its previous/last tax ye	ar	MM	
The corporation's low rate income pool immediately before the end of its previous/last tax year		NN	
Subtotal (add amounts J		>	00
GRIP addition post-amalgamation or post-wind-up (predecessor or subsidiary was not a or the corporation is becoming a CCPC (amount II minus amount OO) (if negative, enter "0"	CCPC or a DIC in i	ts last tax year),	PP
After you complete this worksheet for each predecessor and each subsidiary, calculate the total — line 220 on page 1 for a corporation becoming a CCPC:	of all the PP amou	nts. Enter this total amount or	1:

- line 230 on page 1 for post-amalgamation; or
- line 240 on page 1 for post-wind-up.