Do not use this area

Election on Disposition of Property by a Taxpayer to a Canadian Partnership

- For use by a taxpayer and a Canadian partnership (where the taxpayer is a member of the partnership immediately after the transfer) to jointly elect under subsection 97(2).
- Mail this election and related schedules (if any), separately from other tax returns, to the tax centre where the transferor is located as follows:
 - by the taxpayer who is the sole transferor or, where the transferor is a partnership, by an authorized member of the partnership or, where the property being transferred is held in co-ownership, one copy by each co-owner;
 - with a list containing the name, address, and social insurance number or business number of each transferor and of each transferee (including each member of a transferor partnership and each member of a partnership which is itself a member of either the transferor or the transferee partnership);

partnership);	
 on or before the earliest date on which any party to the election has to file an income tax return for the tax year in which the transaction occurred, taking into consideration any election under subsection 99(2) (due date); 	
Find your tax centre's address by going to www.cra.gc.ca/tso.	
• Sections, subsections, and paragraphs on this form are from the Income Tax Act.	
Taxpayer's name (transferor)	Social Insurance number or Business number
Address	Postal code
Tax year of taxpayer Start Year Month Day End Year Month Day Tax services office	
Partnership's name (transferee) Busine	ess number
Address	Postal code
Tax year of partnership Start Year Month Day End Year Month Day Tax services office	
Name of person to contact for more information	Telephone number
— Penalty for late-filed and amended elections ————————————————————————————————————	
An election that is filed after its due date is subject to a late-filing penalty. Form T2059 can be filed within 3 years after its due date if an estimate of the penalty is paid at the time of filing. Form T2059 can also be amended or filed after the 3-year period, but in these situations, a written explanation of the reason the election is amended or late-filed must be attached for consideration by the Minister and an estimate of the applicable penalty must be paid at the time of filing.	o not use this area
Calculation of late-filing penalty:	
Fair market value of property transferred	
Less: agreed amount	
Difference	
Amount A × 1/4 × 1% × N* = B	
\$100 × N* = C	
* N represents the sum of each month or each part of a month in the period from the due date to the actual filing date	. Amount C cannot exceed \$8,000.



Amount enclosed

business number if a corporation.

Late-filing penalty is the lesser of amounts B and C above

Make cheque or money order payable to the Receiver General. **Specify** "T2059" on the remittance and, to ensure proper credit, indicate the name and social insurance number of the taxpayer, or

Unpaid amounts, including late-filing penalties, are subject to daily compound interest at a prescribed rate.

Protected B when completed

Paid-up capital of shares transferred (under the Income Tax Act)

Information required On the following page, list, describe, and state the fair market value of properties transferred. The description and fair market value of the consideration received has to be shown opposite the related property transferred. Where the transferred property is a partnership interest, attach a schedule of the calculation of the adjusted cost base. If space on the form is insufficient, attach schedules giving similar details. You have to designate the order of disposition of each depreciable property. With this election, you do not have to file the following materials: schedules supporting this designation; documentation relating to the responses to the questions below, and a brief summary of the method of evaluating the fair market value of each property transferred. However, you have to keep them as Canada Revenue Agency may ask to see them at a later date. No Yes Nο Yes No No No No c) since V-Day, has the taxpayer or any person from whom shares were acquired in a non-arm's length transaction received any subsection 83(1) dividends for the transferred shares? (If yes, provide details of amounts and dates received, and Yes 5. Is the agreed amount of any of the transferred properties based on an estimate of the fair market value on V-Day? Has an election under subsection 26(7) of the Income Tax Application Rules (Form T2076) been filed by or on behalf No Yes Where shares of the capital stock of a private corporation are included in the property disposed of, provide the following:

Informative notes -

Corporation's name

The rules for subsection 97(2) elections are complex. Essential information is contained in Folio S4-F3-C1 and Interpretation Bulletins, IT-291 and IT-413.

Business number

- Complete all information areas and answer all questions. If this form is incomplete, the Canada Revenue Agency may consider the election invalid, and subsequent submissions may be subject to a late-filing penalty.
- If the agreed amount exceeds the adjusted cost base of the property in the election, you must report the difference as a capital gain, as income or a combination of both, whichever applies.

	Date of sale or transfer of all properties listed below:		Year	Month [Note: For pr	operties sold or transferred on differer T2059.	it dates use separate
Property disposed of			Agreed	Amount to be	Consideration received		
	Description	Elected amount limits*		amount (cannot be zero)	reported B - A (if greater than 0,	Description	Fair
		Fair market value	Α	B	see note 4)*		market value
Capital property depreciable property excluding	(Brief legal)		(see note 1)*				
Depreciable	(Description and prescribed class)		(see note 2)*				
property	(Kind)		(see note 3)*				
Eligible capital property	((666 11616 6)				
Inventory	(Kind)		(cost amount)				
Resource property	(Brief legal)						
Notes							

- 1. Adjusted cost base (subject to adjustment per section 53.)
- 2. The lesser of undepreciated capital cost of all property of the class and the cost of the property.
- 3. The lesser of $4/3\ x$ cumulative eligible capital and the cost of the property.
- 4. This amount is to be reported either as a capital gain or as income, whichever applies. Also, in the case of depreciable property and eligible capital property, a portion of the amount may have to be reported as a capital gain while another portion of the amount may have to be reported as income.
- * See Interpretation Bulletin IT-291 for an explanation of the limits.

partnership.

The taxp			elect under subsection 97(2) in respect of the proper d, is true, correct, and complete to the best of their k		
	Date Signature of transferor			e of authorized officer of transferee *	
* Attach	a copy of the authorizing agree	ement.			
1 -	Social insurance number or business number		Name of partner, authorized person or authorized officer	Partner's tax services office	
	Signature of partner, authorized per	rson or authorized officer	Position of office of authorized person or authorized office	Date	
2 -	Social insurance number or b	ousiness number	Name of partner	Partner's tax services office	
	Signature of partner or autho	Date			
3 -	Social insurance number or business number		Name of partner	Partner's tax services office	
	Signature of partner or autho	Date			

The election form must be signed by all partners, or by a person authorized in writing by all partners to sign for them, and by the transferor or an authorized signing officer of the transferor. A person who is authorized to sign for all the partners should complete area 1 above, and attach a copy of the authorizing agreement. If space is insufficient, attach "Election and certification" giving similar details. Attach a list containing the name, social insurance number, or business number of each partner. If a member of the partnership is in itself a partnership, attach a list showing the name, social insurance number, or business number of that partnership. Also, indicate the fiscal period of the