British Columbia Film and Television Tax Credit (2014 and later tax years)

Corporation's name	Business number	Tax year-end Year Month Day
	_	
• Use this form to claim the following credits under the <i>Income Tax Act</i> (British Columbia):		Do not use this area
basic tax credit (section 80), complete Parts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 12;		Code number 422
regional tax credit (section 81.1), complete Part 8;	L	_
 distant location regional tax credit (section 81.11), complete Part 9; 		
 film training tax credit (section 82), complete Part 10; and 		
 digital animation or visual effects tax credit (section 81.2), complete Parts 6 and 11. 		
• To claim any of the above credits, include the following with the <i>T2 Corporation Income Tax</i>	Return:	
 eligibility certificate (or a copy); 		
 if the production was completed in the tax year, include a copy of the completion certificated of production costs and notes provided to Creative BC; and 	te and a copy of the audited sta	utement
 a completed copy of this form for each eligible production. If a film or video production is all the episodes constituting one cycle of the series are to be considered a single product 		st as a series,
of the FOIPPA. Questions about the collection or use of this information can be directed to the PO Box 9444 Stn Prov Govt, Victoria BC V8W 9W8. (Telephone: Victoria at 250-387-3332 (Email: ITBTaxQuestions@gov.bc.ca		
Part 1 – Contact Information (please print) —		
Name of person to contact for more information	153 Telephone	e number including area code
Part 2 – Identifying the film or video production Title of production	Date principal photography beg	gan Year Month Day
Title of production (from eligibility certificate if different than line 301)	Bligibility certificate number	
Was the production completed in the tax year? Has a completion certificate been obtained?		310 1 Yes 2 No 311 1 Yes 2 No 311
Is the production an interprovincial co-production?		. 312 1 Yes 2 No
Is the production a treaty co-production?		. 313 1 Yes 2 No

Part 3 – Eligibility			
If you answer yes to any of the questions in this part, you are not eligible for a British Columbia film and television tax credit.			
Was the corporation at any time in the tax year controlled directly or indirectly in any manner whatever by one or more persons, all or part of whose taxable income was exempt from tax under section 27 of the <i>Income Tax Act</i> (British Columbia) or Part I of the federal <i>Income Tax Act</i> ?	20 1 Yes	s	2 No
Was all or part of the corporation's taxable income at any time in the tax year exempt from tax under section 27 of the Income Tax Act (British Columbia) or Part I of the federal Act?	22 1 Yes	\$ <u> </u>	2 No
Was the corporation at any time in the tax year:			
a) a prescribed labour-sponsored venture capital corporation for the purposes of section 127.4 of the federal Act?	30 1 Yes	\$	2 No
b) a small business venture capital corporation registered under section 3 of the Small Business Venture Capital Act?	35 1 Yes	3	2 No
c) a corporation that has an employee share ownership plan registered under section 2 of the Employee Investment Act?	40 1 Yes	;	2 No
d) registered as an employee venture capital corporation under section 8 of the Employee Investment Act?	45 1 Yes	\$ <u> </u>	2 No
Has the corporation claimed a British Columbia production services tax credit for this production?29	50 1 Yes	3	2 No
In the case of a production that is an interprovincial co-production, is 50% or less* of the copyright in the production owned by the corporation or owned by the corporation and one or both of an eligible production corporation related to the corporation, and the Film Development Society of British Columbia? (Complete calculation below)	55 1 Yes	s	2 No
Percentage of copyright owned by the corporation.			% A
Total Copyright			
Deduct:			
Percentage of copyright owned by federal and provincial agencies with a mandate to finance film or video productions in Canada			
Percentage of copyright owned by non-profit organizations that have a fund used to finance film or video productions			
Subtotal (amount 1 plus amount 2) %			
Subtotal (amount a minus amount b)%			<u>%</u> B
Percentage of copyright owned for the purpose of the basic tax credit calculation (amount A divided by amount B) (Enter amount on line 610 at Part 7)			
* In the case of a production that is an interprovincial co-production that began principal photography before January 1, 2012, the of the copyright owned by the corporation or by an eligible production corporation that is related to the corporation.	ne percent	age is 2	20% or less
Part 4 – Production cost limit			
Deduct:	05		D
	10		E
Subtotal (amount D minus amount	E)		F
Amount F × applicable rate* =			G
* If principal photography begins before March 1, 2010, use 48% If principal photography begins after February 28, 2010, use 60%			
Deduct:			
Qualified BC labour expenditure claimed in all previous tax years	20 		н
Production cost limit (amount G minus amount H)	80		I
75% of the cost of producing the British Columbia portion of the production must be payable for goods or services provided in by BC-based individuals or BC-based corporations. For documentaries, 75% of the cost of producing the British Columbia portion must be payable for goods or services provided by BC-based individuals or BC-based corporations.			

Part 5 - Qualified BC labour expenditure -

BC labour expenditure for the tax year includes amounts:

- incurred from the final script stage to the end of the post-production stage;
- incurred in the tax year or previous tax year and that did not form part of the claimant's BC labour expenditure for the previous tax year;
- paid during the tax year or within 60 days after the end of the tax year;
- that are directly attributable to the production; and
- that are for services provided by BC-based individuals.

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— Part 6 – Quaimed BC labour expenditure directly attributable to digital animation or visual effects	,	
BC labour expenditure directly attributable to DAVE activities (DAVE BC labour expenditure) for the tax year is the		
Salary or wages paid that are directly attributable to the production's DAVE activities	710	. S
Remuneration directly attributable to the production's DAVE activities paid to:		
- BC-based individuals	i	
- taxable Canadian corporations (solely owned by a BC-based individual)	j	
- other taxable Canadian corporations (for their BC-based employees)	k	
- partnerships carrying on business in Canada (for their BC-based members or employees) 726	I	
Subtotal (total of amounts i to I)	•	Т.
Add:		
Labour expenditure that would have qualified as a DAVE BC labour expenditure transferred under a reimbursement agreement by the corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary, to the parent corporation that is a taxable Canadian corporation	730	. ^U
DAVE BC labour expenditure for the current tax year (total of amounts S to U)		. V
DAVE BC labour expenditure for the previous tax years	733	W
	725	V
DAVE BC labour expenditure for the current tax year and previous tax years (amount V plus amount W)	735	_ X
Deduct:		
All government or non-government assistance that the corporation has not repaid and can be reasonably considered to be attributable to DAVE BC labour expenditure	m	
All DAVE Qualified BC labour expenditure claimed in the previous tax years	n	
DAVE BC labour expenditure transferred under a reimbursement agreement by the parent corporation, that is a taxable Canadian corporation, to the corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary	0	
Subtotal (total of amounts m to o)	>	Υ
		•
DAVE Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year (amount X minus amount Y)		Z
If principal photography begins after February 28, 2010, complete amount AA		
DAVE Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year incurred after February 28, 2010	755 	AA
— Part 7 – Basic tax credit —		
	250/ -	DD
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year (amount R from Part 5)	35% =	BB
For interprovincial co-productions where the principal photography began before January 1, 2012 the amount calculated on line C in Part 3, otherwise enter "100"	610%	CC
Basic tax credit (amount BB multiplied by amount CC).	620	DD =

Part 8 – Regional tax credit	Protected B when complet
To be eligible for a regional tax credit, principal photography for the production, or at least three of the qualifying episode must be done in British Columbia outside of the designated Vancouver area for a minimum of five days and must be mor number of principal photography days in British Columbia.	
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year (amount R from Part 5)	p
Deduct:	
Qualified BC labour expenditure related to episodes that do not qualify for the regional tax credit, if this is a series intended for television broadcast (see note)	q
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the purpose of the regional tax credit calculation (amount p minus amount q)	▶ EE
Total number of days* outside the designated Vancouver area Total number of days* Total number of days* Total number of days*	FF
	00
Prorated qualified BC labour expenditure (amount EE multiplied by amount FF)	
Regional tax credit (amount GG multiplied by 12.5%)	<mark>705</mark> HH
Note Qualifying episode means an episode of a film or video production that is intended for television broadcast as a series of at least three episodes. * Principal photography days of the qualifying production or qualifying episodes in British Columbia	and that comprises a cycle
Part 9 – Distant location regional tax credit when principal photography begins after February 19	
To be eligible for a distant location regional tax credit, principal photography of the production, or at least three of the quamust be done in British Columbia in a distant location for a minimum of one day and the production must qualify for the re-	
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year	r
(amount R from Part 5 incurred after December 31, 2007)	•
Deduct: Qualified BC labour expenditure related to episodes that do not qualify for the distant location regional tax credit, if this is a series intended for television broadcast (see note) 655	s
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the purpose of the distant location regional tax credit calculation (amount r minus amount s)	▶ Ⅱ
Total number of days* in a distant location =	JJ
Total number of days* 665	
Prorated qualified BC labour expenditure (amount II multiplied by amount JJ)	кк
Distant location regional tax credit (amount KK multiplied by 6%)	670 LL
Note The qualifying episodes for the distant location regional tax credit are the same as the qualifying episodes for the regio	nal tax credit.
* Principal photography days of the qualifying production or qualifying episodes in British Columbia	

Part 10 – Film training tax credit ————————————————————————————————————	
BC labour expenditure paid to BC-based individuals in an approved training program 674 t	
Deduct:	
Any assistance for the training program or the BC-based individuals	
Net BC labour expenditure paid to BC-based individuals in an approved training program (amount t minus amount u)	
Amount v × 30% =	MM
Qualified BC labour expenditure for the tax year (amount R from Part 5) × 3% =	NN
Film training tax credit (enter the lesser of amount MM and amount NN)	00
Part 11 Digital animation or visual affects toy availit	
Part 11 – Digital animation or visual effects tax credit	
Base credit: Amount Z from Part 6 × 15% =	PP
If principal photography begins after February 28, 2010, include the following additional amount:	
Additional credit: Amount AA from Part 6 × 2.5% =	QQ
Digital animation or visual effects tax credit (amount PP plus amount QQ)	RR
Part 12 – British Columbia film and television tax credit	
Fait 12 - British Columbia illin and television tax credit	
Basic tax credit (amount DD from Part 7)	SS
Regional tax credit (amount HH from Part 8)	TT
Distant location regional tax credit (amount LL from Part 9)	UU
Film training tax credit (amount OO from Part 10)	VV
Digital animation or visual effects tax credit (amount RR from Part 11)	ww
British Columbia film and television tax credit (total of amounts SS to WW)	XX

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